Cross-organizational leadership

There are four nationally recognized professional organizes whose mission is to foster the academic, research, clinical political interests of gatroenterologists and hepatologists. These organizations each because of put not mutually exclusive focus, which by its very nature is somewhat competitive for resources within the gastroenterology field. Theirs, however, a limited pool on the ested and competent members willing to help with the day-to-daperations of these societies. Competition for these members often results in overlap candlead to questions potential conflict of interest. Each of the societies has death whie potential conflicin a variety of ways. This statement seeks to derive consensus among the societies to provide a unified statement regarding overlap of leadership.

Individuals willing to accept a leadership roleoine society must recognize that it is an inherent conflict of interest to hold a leasteip position in a second society. It would be expected that anyone who accepts a leadershipion in any society would relinquish any other leadership positioneld in one of the other new societies. Leadership positions include, but are not limited to, aerlycted office, appointments to a governing body or board, chair positions on committees and appointments as trustees, governors or other positions of influence on the existion and mission of the society.

Individuals serving on a committee within analythe four societies will be required to provide and update continuously canflict of interest statemental that outlines the potential for conflict (that is, if any changes occur, the statementilmenediately updated). There